7. SUMMARY

In our study, 23 blood samples were taken from 10 hatcheries containing 10000

chicken, per sampling 230, and at the end of the study, 1610 samples were taken in the days 0,

7, 14, 21, 28, 33, 42. Blood serum were seperated and they were analyzed by test kit of

Infectious Bursal Disease (Code:CK113, Lot No: FS4925, Exp. Date:31/05/2010) Biocheck

Corporation.

Serum samples taken from hatcheries were evaluated by ELISA IBDV antibody in the

days 0, 7, 14, 21, 28, 33, 42. and according to the hatchery companies, for company A, study

group avarage ratio is: 1572, 705, 107, 3542, 7832, 7844, 12477 and avarage CV % value is

43, 65, 46, 81, 32, 66, 31, control group: 1572, 946,108, 453, 9143, 5758,13525, and avarage

CV value: 43, 56, 68, 158, 27, 46, 24. For company B, study group avarage ratio is: 1557,

745, 117, 3585, 7932, 7976, 12688 and avarage CV % value is 43, 62, 56, 71, 32, 64, 33,

control group: 1557, 880,105, 412, 8972, 5342,12535, and avarage CV value: 43, 52, 65, 122,

29, 48, 21. According to the titer values identified by Biocheck Corporation, 5000-14000 titer

immunization comprised for IBD at the end of immune compleks vaccine application.

As a result of the studuy, it is seen that, antibody response develops 1 week earlier in

Transmune IBD vaccine group than in control group

Keywords: Gumboro, Broiler, Transmune IBD vaccine, ELISA